

Origin Authentication **Timber**

Roger Young CEO Agroisolab UK Ltd

In partnership with Agroisolab GmbH, accredited testing laboratory in accordance with DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005





Stable Isotope Ratio Analysis (SIRA) -the science-



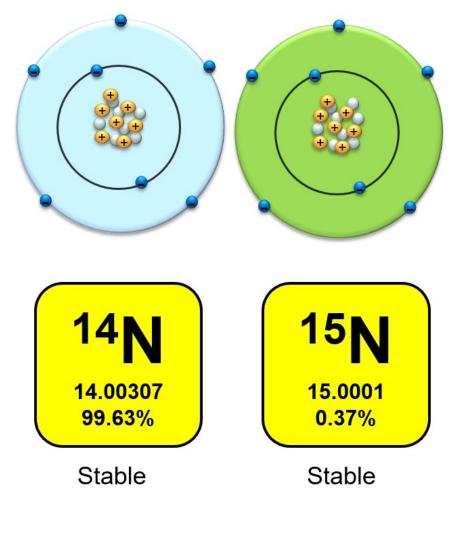
Stable Isotopes

Isotopes variation within elements

- Same number of **protons**
- Different number of **neutrons**
- All elements have one or more isotopic forms
- Isotopes have identical chemistry

Stable isotopes

- Naturally occurring
- Non-radioactive
- Chemically identical
- Differ only in mass





Stable Isotope signatures – 5 in timber

Decl.	D/H _{org} * [‰] v.s. vsmow	¹⁸ O/ ¹⁶ O _{org} * [‰] v.s. vsmow	¹³ C/ ¹² C* [‰] v.s. PDB	³⁴ S/ ³² S* [‰] v.s. CDT	⁸⁷ Sr/ ⁸⁶ Sr [ppm]	Origin Evaluation
Country of harvest: Brazil	-100.4 +/- 1.5	19.3 +/- 0.3	-27.3 +/- 0.1	7.4 +/- 0.3	0.7403 +/- 0.003	

* +/- single standard deviation

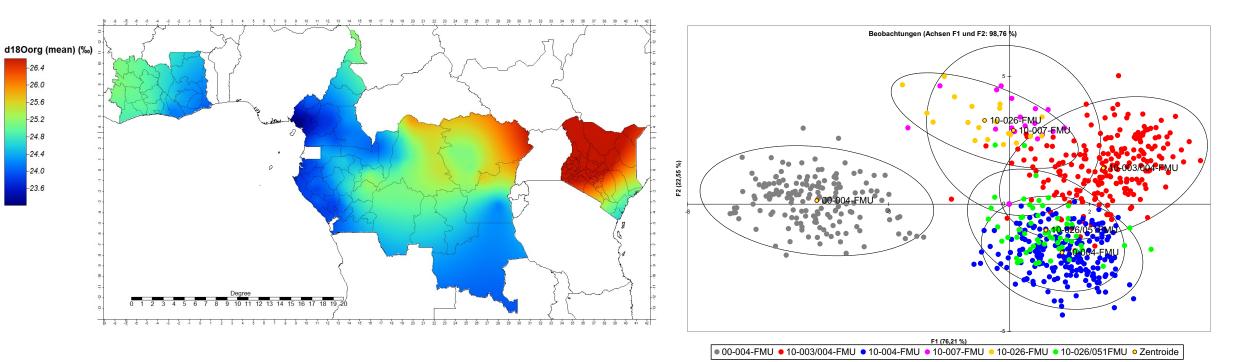
<u>Percent</u>	<u>Permil</u>		
0.2%	=	2.0 ‰	



SIRA results interpretation - Statistics-



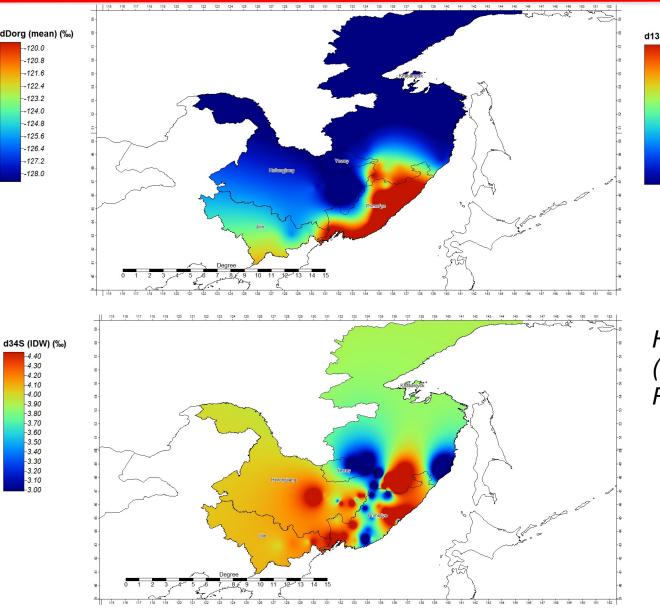
Qualitative and statistical answers

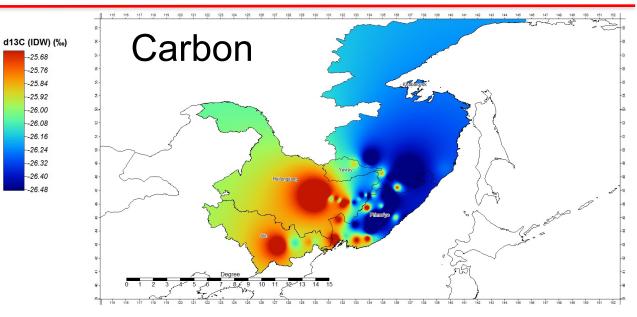


¹⁸O/¹⁶O isotope ratios in Iroko in seven African countries (left to right, Ivory coast, Ghana, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Democratic republic of Congo, Kenya) Iroko and Sapelli from different concessions in Cameroon (DA Rotating: D, ¹⁸O, ¹³C, ¹⁵N, ³⁴S)



White Oak – Q. mongolica Amur basin





Hydrogen (D/H), Carbon (¹³C/¹²C), and Sulfur (³⁴S/³²S) isotope ratios in oak in the Amur region of Russia and China.

D/H D/H



Service Delivery of Science



Isotope Ratio Mass Spectrometry (IRMS)

Modern IRMS devices

- Accuracy: mass of 2 atoms in 200,000,000
- Price per device €80-120k
- Inter-lab round-robin calibration
- Standards oversight IAEA

Agroisolab GmbH

- 11 IRMS devices
- Working in parallel
- 100 -150 samples/week
- 10 lab staff



Chinese visitors at Agroisolab, Jülich, 2016



Species check: DART Direct Analysis in Real Time Mass Spectrometry

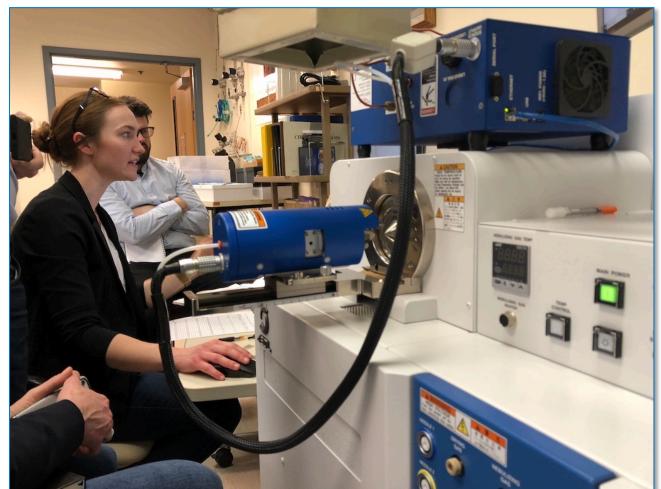
Agroislab acquired 1x device 2019

JEOL Inc. USA

- \$250,000
- IonSense Vapur[®] Interface

High-resolution, exact mass Measurements of

- Gases
- Liquids
- Solids

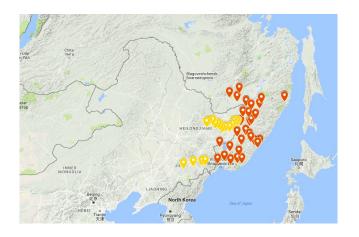


https://www.fws.gov/lab/



How service deliver works – the exclusion principle





Existing oak database China/Russia Far East

- 250 samples
- 50 Russian locations
- 17 China locations
 Total 250 samples

A good dataset – **but** collected undercover by brave NGO staff. Not a scalable process



Regulatory Enforcement





EUROPEAN COMMISSION

EU REGULATION 995/2010 Brussels 12 February 2016 C(2016) 755 final

•On the internal market •For the first time e.

In the course of a commercial activity

Due diligence requires operators to gather information about the timber and timber productsin order to carry out a full risk assessment

...soon to be UKTR





2008 ...amended to include timber and paper **LACEY ACT is a fact-based statute with strict liability**,

Third-party certification/verification schemes cannot "prove" legality Violators face criminal & civil sanction even if unaware they were dealing with illegally harvested timber

Gibson Guitars 2012

violated the Lacey Act... ...purchasing & importing illegally Wood from Madagascar & India

... fined \$300,00 + \$261,844 timber confiscated



Timber Regulations in other countries

Australia





Canada

Government Gouvernement of Canada du Canada Q Search the website MENU 🗸

Canada.ca > Natural Resources Canada > Our Natural Resources > Forests and forestry > Sustainable forest management

Canada's forest laws

How governance and enforcement protect Canada's forests

Canada's forest laws are among the strictest in the world. They protect our forests and ensure that sustainable forest management practices are followed across the country. This means that consumers can be confident that the forest and wood products they buy from Canada were obtained legally and harvested under a system of sustainable forest management.



South Korea

KOREA: NEW REGULATION AGAINST ILLEGAL TIMBER TRADE

Nov 27, 2019 08:32 | Silvana Möhr, Switzerland Global Enterprise

The Republic of Korea aims to stop the trade in illegally-felled timber and is introducing new legislation accordingly. The new regulation will apply to exporters from October 1, 2019.



Korea's new law on the sustainable use of wood has been trialed in a test phase launched in October 2018. The aim here is to romote the legal timber trade by restricting the import and distribution of illegally harvested wood. According to the Korean uthorities, the test phase was successful. While 80% of the documents had still not been submitted correctly in November 2018, that proportion had fallen to 20% by June 2019



In 2015, Japan was the world's fourth largest importer of timber and timber products after China, the United States (US) and the European Union (EU). and it was the third largest importer of wooden furniture after the US and the EU [1]

About this briefing A comparison of the Japanese Clear Wood Act and the EU Timber Regulation



Regulatory Enforcement -new laws-



UK 2021... Agricultural Products to be included

Department for Environment Food & Rural Affairs

Due diligence on forest risk commodities Consultation document

August 2020

The law we are proposing would work by requiring a relatively small number of larger businesses to make sure that the 'forest risk' commodities they use – commodities that can cause widescale deforestation – have been produced legally. This is because globally a large proportion of forest clearance to produce these commodities is not considered legal1.



2022 New Regulations arriving in USA – the Schatz Bill

New regulation will drive corporates trading timber <u>and</u> any product that could come from de-forestation to do more...



SCHATZ, SENATORS PUSH FINANCIAL FIRMS TO HELP STOP GLOBAL DEFORESTATION

Deforestation, A Major Contributor to Climate Change, Accounts for 12% of Global Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Monday, February 4, 2019

WASHINGTON – Today, U.S. Senator Brian Schatz (D-Hawai'i), co-chair of the Senate Climate Action Task Force and a member of the Senate Banking Committee, led a group of eight senators in calling on investment firms to help mitigate climate change by using their investment portfolios to stop tropical deforestation.

"We are concerned that some companies in your portfolio may not be living up to their commitments to address deforestation in their supply chain—if they have made such commitments at all," the senators wrote. "It is our view that addressing risks from deforestation is in line with your fiduciary responsibility. As such, we are interested in learning what due diligence and risk management procedures your firm has put in place to address and mitigate these risks for both active investments and passively managed funds."

... a great opportunity for authentication analysis



Agroisolab Enforcement Experience



Contracted service delivery

- UK EUTR: competent authority, BEIS
- USA Lacey Act: APHIS/CPB/DHS/DoJ

Enforcement interest/pilot project

- Sweden EUTR
- Norway EUTR
- Denmark EUTR
- Finland EUTR

- Spain EUTR
- Japan
- South Korea
- Australia





Dept of Justice prosecution 2016

Virginia Hardwood Flooring Company sentenced for Illegal Importation of hardwood and related environmental crimes

Pay \$13.15 Million fine... ...largest Lacey Act Penalty

...including \$969,175 criminal forfeiture



Reference samples & reference databases



2x attributes of wood

- Species
- Origin

Science-based traceability

- Wood Anatomy
- Stable Isotope Reference Analysis (SIRA)
- Genetics
- NiR
- Trace Element Analysis
- DART

comparative technologies



Royal Botanic Gardens Kew, London – historic collection



Established c.1750 44,000 specimens Not geo-located





Agroisolab timber reference data

OK... but limited in scope, expensive and complex to build. Not scalable

Mahogany (Inc. African Mahogany)

- Congo ٠
- Costa Rica ٠
- Democratic republic of the Congo
- Ecuador ٠
- Ghana .
- Honduras .
- India .
- Java
- Panama
- Peru

Teak (Tectona grandis)

- Brazil •
- Costa Rica ٠
- Ghana ٠
- Honduras ٠
- India ٠
- Indonesia
- Java ٠
- Laos ٠
- Myanmar (Burma) •
- Panama ٠
- Papua New .
- Guinea Vietnam •

- Spruce
- Austria
- Belarus ٠
- Finland ٠
- Germany ٠
- Norway ٠
- Poland ٠
- Russia ٠
- Sweden ٠
- Sapelli
 - Cameroon
 - Congo ٠
 - Democratic Republic of the Congo

- Iroko
- Cameroon
- Congo ٠
- Democratic
- Republic of the

- Ghana
- Ivory Coast
- Kenya

Birch

Lithuania (new) •

Oak

- Amur region •
 - (China/Russia)
- USA •
- Europe ٠
- UK (new) •
- Cedar
 - Solomon Islands •

Bintangor

Solomon Islands •



- Congo Gabon

- ٠



WFID Advisory Board

- Agroisolab
- US Forest Service
- RBGKew
- FSC
- Forest Trends
- World Resource Institute

World ForestID

Forest	Ke	ew	Labs
Forest Sampling	Curation	Analysis	End Users
 Private forest owners Forest agencies Certified concessions Certification bodies Community forestry projects FLEGT TLAS officials Independent auditors Independent monitors Scientific projects (academic) CITES projects Partnerships through GTTN Corporates 	Advisory Group KEW • Sample accession and processing • Share sub-samples • Support calibration/standards • Research	 Government labs Labs contracted to end users 	 Companies for DDS Enforcement officials for 'Demand-side' Legislation Companies testing suppliers Government agencies responsible for FLEGT license credibility / other "positive" claims Certification schemes testing for brand credibility Certification schemes testing for brand credibility Certification schemes testing for brand credibility Scertification schemes testing for brand credibility FLEGT TLAS officials Research institutes
 Donors: DFID, USFS, NORAD? Corporates Philanthropic Inst. Private benefactors 	– DEFRA	 Funding for sample analysis Pay/sample for testing by end users 	– Self funded

www.WorldForestID.org





- Governments
- National Institutions
- Govt Labs
- NGOs
- Universities
- For-profit labs

World ForestID Funding

- US State Department
- US Dept Ag and USFC
 - Uni of Connecticut WFID Database USD250k
 - Uni of Knoxville WFID mobile App USD 100k

• UK Defra £5.3m to RSBKew

- RBG Kew staff
- DART ToF MS
- Stable Isotopes
- FSC funding WFID 1st year staff
- Forest Trends
- Agroisolab developed protocols

Investment to date ~USD850,0000

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www.WorldForestID.org



New Reference Projects

www.WorldForestID.org

WFID Collection Expeditions

- US Oak Project 2017
- Latin America 2018-2020
 - Peru
 - Nicaragua
 - Honduras
 - Guatemala
- Solomon Islands & PNG 2019
- Gabon -2020
- Latvia 2021
- Latin & South America
 - Mexico
 - Colombia
 - Brazil
- Thailand 2020
- ForestMinds €5.3m
- Horizon 2021-3 €7.5m 4,000 samples
 - 5x Eastern European countries
 - Congo Basin
- US Hardwood reference project USD~5m 2022-3





Sampling device Pickering Punch Patented 2020

New sampling device

Lab analysis sample requirement ... Sample: plug 125mm x 20mm







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